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JUL 1 2 2004

PPA MEMORANDUM CIRCULAR No. 22 - 2004

T O: All Port District Managers
Port Managers
Shipping Lines
And Others Concerned

S U B J: Assessment of Wharfage on Empty Containers of Shipping Lines Engaged in Foreign and Domestic Trade

In view of recent developments in international shipping practices, particularly in regard to mergers and acquisitions of shipping lines and the emergence of alliances resulting in co-ownership of container vessels and similar co-loading arrangements in the operation thereof, the following amendments to the existing guidelines on the treatment of empty containers are hereby prescribed for compliance by and guidance of all concerned

I Statement of Policy

Containers, in general, shall be treated as part of the ship's gear

- II Treatment of Foreign Empty Containers
  - In general, containers owned by foreign shipping lines are allowed to enter the country by Customs' authorities conditionally, without payment of duties and taxes, for a limited period
    - Foreign-owned containers once emptied, therefore, which exceed this period for conditional entry, shall be considered as an imported article subject to the payment by the shipping line or owner thereof of the corresponding duties and taxes. At this point, the subject container shall likewise be subject to the payment of Import Wharfage.
  - 2 Foreign empty containers, shipped by and consigned to a foreign shipping line or manifested as having "No Commercial Value" and brought into the country for use in export shipments and shipped through the shipping line's own vessel or any other foreign vessel, shall not be subject to the payment of Import Wharfage

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- 3 Provided, further, that should the foreign empty container require transport to another Philippine port in order to load export cargo and shipped via domestic vessel (also referred to as transit or relay container), such foreign empty container, though considered as "cargo" shall not be subject to the payment of Domestic Wharfage
- 4 Foreign emptied containers, resulting from the stripping of its contents, shall not be subject to the payment of Import Wharfage Provided, further, that should the foreign emptied container require transport to another Philippine port in order to load export cargo and shipped via domestic vessel (also referred to as transit or relay container), such foreign emptied container, though considered as "cargo" shall not be subject to the payment of Domestic Wharfage

## III Treatment of Other Foreign Empty Containers

- 1 Foreign empty containers that are not owned by foreign shipping lines but owned by companies in the business of container leasing, cargo forwarding or logistics shall be subject to the payment of Import or Domestic Wharfage, as the case may be
- 2 Empty containers that are importations by any domestic shipping line or any local company, for its own use or for hire, shall be subject to the payment of Import or Domestic Wharfage, as the case may be

## IV Treatment of Domestic Empty Containers

- 1 Empty containers used in the coastwise trade, owned and transported through vessels owned by the same shipping line shall not be charged Domestic Wharfage
- 2 Empty containers used in the coastwise trade transported through vessels not owned by same shipping line shall be charged Domestic Wharfage

## V Repealing Clause

This Memorandum Circular revokes PPA Memorandum Circular No 24-97, dated 01 August 1997 and amends paragraph 25, Section E, and paragraph 9, Section H of PPA Memorandum Circular No 03-95, dated 05 January 1995

## VI Effectivity Clause

This Memorandum Circular shall take effect fifteen (15) days from its publication in at least two (2) news papers of general circulation

ALFONSO G. CUSI General Manager

Published in the following newspapers:

Philippine Star)
 Manila Standard)
 July 15, 2004

Effectivity Date - July 30, 2004